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NORTH KOREA

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KENNEDY WILL PURSUE SAME OLD POLICIES

Pyongyang, North Korean Home Service, Jan. 26, 1961, 1220 GMT--B

(Excerpts) Kennedy replaced Eisenhower as U.S. president on Jan. 20 and the new Kennedy administration officially came into being on Jan. 21.

The nature of policies Kennedy and his administration will pursue is clearly manifested in his inaugural address. With the pretense of defending liberty, Kennedy said that in collusion with the Western imperialists, they would pay any price, bear any burden, and meet any hardship in order to oppose the camp of peace and socialism. Kennedy also called upon independent Asian and African countries to join with the so-called free world. At the same time, he made it plain that he and his administration would continue the policy of opposing the Latin American peoples.

Kennedy's address is full of the most aggressive and bellicose utterances including a call for the frenzied expansion of the arms race, the mobilization of more countries under the policy of military blocs, and for the U.S. domination of the world. Kennedy's inaugural address shows that he will follow without change Eisenhower's policy of position of strength, which brought the U.S. prestige to an all-time low in the world and thus drew denunciation from the people of the United States as well as the world by this "arms race policy" and his various acts of aggression and animosity against other countries.

Even Kennedy's campaign speeches were invariably full of utterances against the camp of peace and socialism, of slanders against the people of Cuba, Latin America, and other countries, and of promises to continue the U.S. policy of aggression. No wonder even the CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR called Kennedy's mentality that of a dirty merchant and American commentator Stone wrote that Kennedy was behaving more and more like the late John Foster Dulles.

Like Eisenhower's administration, the Kennedy administration represents the interests of the Wall Street monopoly capitalists and considers their protection its primary principle and objective. It consists of representatives of U.S. millionaires. Even Kennedy himself is from one of the 75 wealthiest families in the United States, and he is closely associated with and supported by such monopolists as Rockefeller, Morgan, and Harriman.